## **BASIC INFORMATION**

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METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING A BUILDING STRUCTURE.

Applicant/Proprietor: INTERNATIONAL DOME SYSTEMS

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## Description

1,...

The invention reletes to a method for manufacturing a building structure in accordance with the presmble of claim 1.

A method of this kind is known from US-A-4.155.987.

According to said known method the foam layer is applied lover by layer and the foot plates of the anchors are offschad by means of adherive to the first foam layer. This attachment is in-outficient Many anchore fall down under the influence of the forces which occur during spraying and due to deformations of the form by wind forces. Even after purrounding the anchor feet by the next form layer applied over said feet said anchors are not causible to take up the loads which occur during attachment of the reinforcing rode and during acreving of the concrete.

Purpose of the invention is to provide a method by: means of which the progress of the work is not disturbed by anchors which do not maintain their proper position.

According to the invention this purpose is achieved by the characterizing faulures of claim 1.

By the fact that the foun layer has obtained its finel thickness prior to mounting the anchors it is possble to insert the bent over parts of the feet of the anchors easily into the foam layer. Due to this the anchors are quickly attached.

By the fact that moreover the first concrete layer Is sprayed over send feet and ocwers said feat, a hard layer is obtained which holds the anchors in a manner. such that they can no longer loosen and are capable to carry the weight of the reinforcing rode and are capable to withstand the forces which occur during spraying of the concrete on the anchors and reinforcing rods, including the weight of not yet complexely hardened concrete outs.

Preferably the reinforcing is one which at least in nortzontal planas is pretensionable. This is made possible by the rigid attachment of the enchora-

It is observed that from US-A-3,277,219 a method is known for the manufacturing of a building structure by making use of an inflatable form against the linear alde of which a foam layer is sprayed until the layer. has its fell required thickness. After apraying and comploting said layer anchors are viscrited into the form layer in the form of wire dips having a burbed or turned over incerted end which provide en attachment such that prior to any apraying of concrete reinforcing rode can be attracted to seld anchors. The mounting of said anchors by pressure or harmening is time consurning and can domage the foom layer. Concrete is only applied for the first time after the reinforcing rods ero placed. Altrough eald known method displaces the possibility of primerily manufacturing the foam layer until its limit thickness is obtained it has disadvantages in respect of the mountain of the encliois.

Spraying of the resin can be performed such that the entire innercide of the form is covered so that s building structure is already obtained from resin such: as a resin doma.

It is also possible to spray part of the height with resin and to start soreying the concrete already whilst the spraying of the rasin proceeds upwardly towards

Mounting of the reinforcing rode can take place auch that the reinforcing is completed first prior to applying the further concrete layers. One, however, can also perform the work in such a way that said concreto layors are applied after mounting part of the reintorcement in which case the mounting of the reinforcing rade proceeds upwardly followed by the epolication of the concrete, which application of the concrete of course strars at the basis.

The synthetic form can remain in piace or be removed respectively. For performing the work use can be made of a movable planform lifting device having at the outer and of a swingable and extendable arm a work pletform from which any position inside the blown form can be reached with spraying devices.

With the invention it is possible to manufacture isulding structuras of grejarably dome shaped configuration in a simple manner. They can have a circular basis and be part ophencal. They however may have es well an oval basis or even a rectangular basis.

The Invention concerns as well an anchor for applying the method according to the Invention which anchor as known from US-A-4.155.967 has a perforated footplate to which a rod is attached which ancher according to the invention has tongues which are cut free from the plate and bent into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate and surned away from the rod

Said anchor has a shape such that it can be inserted with said tangues into the foam layer.

The invention will be further illustrated with reference to the drawings.

Figure 1 shows part of a building structure according to the Swanton.

Figure 2 shows a possible embodiment of the andior.

Figures 3s to finalusive show different phases of the method associating to the invention.

The building structure which can be obtained with the invention has a form 1 which by blowing is broughtinto the proper shape and is made from plestic. Against the innerside a foam synthetic layer 2 is applied by spraying. The unchars 3 are food upon said layer and reinforcing rods 4 are attached to cold anchors. For mounting the anchors use con be made of an auxiliary reinforcement 4' auch as rods which support the anchors for and during portarming further operations. The seace around said reinforcing rods which is defined outwardly by the topin synthetic layer 2 is filled with concrete 5 by spraying. Prior to building

the concrete layer 5 layer by layer a first layer 5 is approved over the feet 8 of the enchoirs. The plastic form 1 is connected in an air-light manner at 5 to a pre-labricated foundation 7.

The unchors may have the form shown in figure 2 comprising a perforated footplate 8 having bant over torigues 9, which can be present into the form synthetic bayer 2 and with an outwardly executing rod or aim 10 serve for connecting to them the reinfording rods. By applying the first concrete layer 8' said, anothers are well held in place sufficiently to carry the reinforcing rods.

Figure 3 showns in figure 3s diagrammatically a part of an annular foundation 7 which has to be pro-

Figure 3b shows the application of the form 1 in the not yet inflated condition:

Figure 3c shows the inflation by means of lans 11.

The Inflated half is provided with an air lock 12 known in their.

Figure 3d shows the inflated hell in a cut-open way. Present in the hall is a working device 13 liaving a working platform 14 by means of which through a supply conduite 15 synthetic from, such as polymethane can be supplied by the schematically shown device 16 and sprayed upon the innerside of the inflated form 1.

Figure 3e shows the mouting of harizontal annuter reinforcing rode as well as reinforcing rode extending in vertical planes, after which, as shown in figure . so 3t, by means of the device 13 concrete 5° and 5 respectively can be oprayed.

The half obtained finally no longer, needs the lans and entrance lock respectively.

In case whitewas are needed auxiliary frames can be placed with the aid of anchors upon the synthetic toam layer 3 as schematically hollcared at 17 in figure 3d. After completing the building structure, which means after hardoniza of the concrete, which concrete surrounds the succiliary frames, the plastic layer of the form and the form layer can be cut away and a real window trains with or without glass can be placed in the opening obtained therewith.

## Claims

1. Method for manufacturing a building structure in which an inflatable form (1) which has been provided with an entrance lock (12) is mounted in an airtight manner on a base or foundation (7) which form (1) by means of suitable devices is inflated and after having obtained to correct shape by inflations from restriction (2) is aprayed upon the innerside of the form (1), enchois, each having a perforated foot plate (8) to which an anchoring rod (19) is attached, are placed with their plate shaped feet (8) on said form coin loyer (2), whereby said anchoring rods (10) are

inwardly directed, reinforcing rods (4) are affacted to said anchoring rods (10) after appraying a first layer concrete (5') upon the foam layer (2), characterized in that primarily the foam resin layer (2) is menusectured until its first required thickness is obtained, that only thereafter the anchors (8, 10) are placed and food to the foam layer (2) by inserting of bent portions (8) which are cut free from the place (8) and bent over into a position perpendiculer to the place of the place (8) and truned away from said rod (10) and that the first concrete layer (5) is apprayed over the feet (8) of said anchors which the against the investige of the foam layer (2).

2. Method according to claim 1, chasciarized in that the rejuicement at least in nortzontal planes is a pre-capsionable rejuicement.

3. Method according to claim 1 or 2 in which for the manufacturing of window frames, and the Islantrames are placed which are fixed by the agraying of the concrete layer, characterized in that the frames are temporary frames of which form and dimension correspond to the form and dimension of the final wholeow frames, which frames are placed upon the form tayer and after the application of the concrete, form material and foam are removed at the location of the frames and each frames are removed and replaced by the final window frames.

4: Anchor for use in the method according to one or more of the proceding claims comprising a performed (out plate to which a rod is standard, characterized in that said plate (8) has tongues (9) which are cut froe from the plate (8) and bent over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8), and turned away from said rod (10).

## Patentansprüche

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1. Verteiven zum Herutollen eines Gebäudes, bei "dem eine aufblaabare Form (1), welcoe mit einer Eminterschieuse (12) versiehen ist, kritricht abschile-Cond auf einer Basis oder einem Fundament (7) angebracks wird, welche Form (1) mit tille geelgneter Elivionungen ausgeblasen wird und nach Erreldten der genzuen Gestalt durch das Auflikagen eine Schaumharzschicht (2) auf der Innunsitie der Form (1) autgesprüht wird. Anker, die Jewolle sing perforierte Fußpistte (8) haben, an weicher ein Antorsteb (10) angebrecht tot, mit ihren plattenformigen FUGen, (8) auf die Schaumharzschicht (2) gelegt werden. wobel de Ankersiab (10) nech lonen weisen, und Bewehrungsstäbe (4) an den Ankerstäbe (10) angebracht werden, nachdom olne einte Betorischicht (5') suf die Schaumschicht (2) gesprüht wurde, dedurch gekennzelctoret, daß die Scheumharzschleht (2) zueret hergostellt wird, bis ihre abschlistend esorderliche Starica errolcht int, daß nur anschließend die Ankar (8, 10) muf die Schaumschicht (2) gelogt und